SGD-12-671-P1 1123 Warning:- Please write your Roll No. in the space provided and sign. Roll No-----Sig. of Student -----(Session 2019-21 to 2022-24) (Inter Part - I) Paper (I) Group 1 Biology (Objective) Maximum Marks:- 17 PAPER CODE 2463 Note:- You have four choices for each objective type question as A, B, C and D. The choice which you think is correct; Time Allowed: - 20 minutes fill that circle in front of that question number. Use marker or pen to fill the circles. Cutting or filling two or more circles will result in zero mark in that question. Write PAPER CODE, which is printed on this question paper, on the both sides of the Answer Sheet and fill bubbles accordingly, otherwise the student will be responsible for the situation. Use of Ink Remover or white correcting fluid is not allowed. Q. 1 1) Bacteria divide at exponential rate during the phase: (D) Lag (C) Log (B) Stationary (A) Decline 2) Cenozoic is the era of:-(D) Mammals (C) Reptiles (B) Amphibians (A) Fishes (D) Ringed and branched Chain 3) In animals fatty acids are: (C) Ringed Chain (B) Straight Chain (A) Branched Chain 4) Which one is essential material for co-enzyme: (D) Carbohydrates (C) Proteins (B) Lipids (A) Vitamins 5) Omnis cellula-e-cellula was hypothesized by: (D) Lamarack (C) Virchow (B) Oken (A) Weismann 6) About 60% of Adults are immune to disease: (D) Polio (C) Influenza (B) Mumps (A) Measles 7) Algae which take part in building coral reefs alongwith coral animals are: (D) Blue green algae (C) Red algae (B) Brown algae (A) Green algae 8) The protective membrane of human heart is: (D) Pericardium (C) Myocardium (B) Endocardium (A) Epicardium 9) Citric acid is obtained from the species of: (D) Neurospora (C) Saccharomyces (B) Aspergillus (A) Penicillium 10) The ovule of the angiosperm can be called: (D) Mega gametangius (C) Microsporangium (B) Megasporangium (A) An integumented megasporangium 11) The larva of echinoderms is called: (D) Trochophore (C) Valiger (B) Bipinnaria (A) Planaria 12) Mammals had evolved from reptilian ancestor: (D) Varanope (C) Cotylosaurs (B) Ichthyosaurus (A) Brantosaurus 13) During photorespiration glycine is converted into serine in organelle (D) Mitochondria (B) Ribosomes (A) Peroxisome (C) Indigo wavelength (D) Yellow wavelength 14) Chlorophyll do not reflect: (B) Blue wavelength (A) Green wavelength 15) During Kreb's cycle succinate is converted into: (D) Citrate (C) Oxaloacetate

(A) Fumarate 16) The volume of blood in a body weight of 60 kgs is: (C) 6 litres (B) 7 litres (A) 8 litres 17) Sarracenia pupurea is a scientific name of: (C) Sundew (B) Venus fly trap (A) Pitcher Plant 1129 - 1123 - 11000

(D) 5 litres

(D) Leguminous plant

(B) Malate

1123 Warning:- Please, do not write anything on this question paper except your Kon No. (Session 2019-21 to 2022-24) Paper (I) Biology (Subjective) Maximum Marks: 68 (Inter Part - I) Group 1 Time Allowed: 2.40 hours SGD-11-G1-P2 Section -----I $8 \times 2 = 16$ Answer briefly any Eight parts from the followings:-Write down structural Formula of Butyric acid. (ii) What is the role of metal ions with enzymes? How substrate concentration affect the rate of enzyme action? (iii) Differentiate irreversible inhibitors from reversible inhibitors. (iv) Define mychorhiza along with its kinds. **(v)** How biologists classify fungi imperfecti now a days? (vi) What is the difference between ostia and osculum? (viii) What is unique in the female of Eagle? (vii) Which group is considered as first amniotic group give two characters of them? (ix) Write down two basic characters of chordates. (xi) Define chemiosmosis. (x) How Rubisco is regenerated? (xii) $8\times2=16$ Answer briefly any Eight parts from the followings:-Biological organization is not simple. Coment on it. How essentiality of a certain nutrient for plant is checked in complex medium of soil. How the material of cell is recycled and renewed by Lysosomes? How magnification of microscope is determined? Kingdom Protista is called Kingdom of exclusion. Why? (vii) Algae differ from plants. Why? How chalk is formed? Green algae and plants form a monophyletic lineage. Coment it. (viii) How bryophytes are precisely defined. (x) What are paraphyses? Define apoplast pathway. Why it becomes discontinuous. (xii) What are hydathodes. Answer briefly any Six parts from the followings:- $6 \times 2 = 12$ What are obligate intracellular parasites? Give their example? Differentiate b/w Trichome and filament? (ii) (iii) In what way fluid feeder feeds? How prey and predater interaction is helpful in maintaining the ecosystem? (iv) How the crop differ from gizzard? (v) (vi) Suggest various disadvantages of water for ventilation? (vii) Explain the process of exhalation and Inhalation? (viii) In what way pleura and diaphragm protect the lungs? What factors are involved in the transport of Respiratory Gases? (ix) Section ----- II Note: Attempt any three questions. $(8 \times 3 = 24)$ Define Phyletic Lineage, explain its importance. (a) Discuss various factors that affect the rate of Transpiration. (b) Differentiate between DNA and RNA. (a) **(b)** Give different modes of asexual reproduction in fungi. Explain the Nutrition in Bacteria. (a) Why bryophytes are called 'Amphibious plants'? Discuss their general characteristics. **(b)** Write down biological classification of Corn? (a) Draw outline of Krebs cycle. (b) Describe at least four main differences between Prokaryotic cell & Eukaryotic cell. (a) Describe parasitic & symbiotic nutrition in plants. (b)

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SGD-11-672-P1 1123 Warning:- Please write your Roll No. in the space provided and sign. Roll No-----(Inter Part - I) (Session 2019-21 to 2022-24) Sig. of Student Biology (Objective) (Group II) Paper (I) PAPER CODE 2468 Time Allowed: - 20 minutes Maximum Marks:- 17 Note:- You have four choices for each objective type question as A, B, C and D. The choice which you think is correct; fill that circle in front of that question number. Use marker or pen to fill the circles. Cutting or filling two or more circles will result in zero mark in that question. Write PAPER CODE, which is printed on this question paper, on the both sides of the Answer Sheet and fill bubbles accordingly, otherwise the student will be responsible for the situation. Use of Ink Remover or white correcting fluid is not allowed. 1) An enzyme lowers down the energy of: (A) Potential (B) Kinetic (C) Ionic (D) Activation 2) Glyoxysomes are most abundant in: (A) Plant seedlings (B) Pea (C) Liver cells (D) Bacteria 3) The number of capsomers present in Adenovirus is: (A) 252 (B) 154 (C) 162 (D) 175 4) The study of distribution of animals in nature is called (A) Biogeography (B) Paleontology (C) Zoogeography (D) Biodiversity 5) Which of the following monosaccharide represent the reducing sugar? (A) Starch (B) Fructose (C) Lactose (D) Maltose 6) Most wide spread problem for the misuse of antibiotics is: (A) Disturbance of (B) Immunity (C) Increase resistance (D) Allergic reaction metabolism in pathogens 7) Which of the following does occur for the formation of Acetyl Co A from pyruvate? (D) Deamination (C) Decarboxylation (A) Carboxylation (B) Hydrogenation 8) Villi and microvilli are present in: (D) Pharynx (C) Ileum (B) Esophagus (A) Large intestine 9) Lungs are covered by doubled layered thin membranous Sacs called (C) Peritoneum (D) Scrotum (B) Pleura (A) Pericardium 10) Chordae tendinae are present in: (B) Only left ventricle (C) Only right ventricle (D) Both ventricles (A) Only right atrium 11) A hormone released by mesophyll cells at high temperature is called: (D) Abscisic acid (C) Ethene (A) Acetic acid (B) Auxins 12) An outer flexible covering in paramecium is called: (D) Cristae (C) Cell membrane (A) Pellicle (B) Cell wall 13) Griseofulvin is used to: (D) Inhibit Fungal (C) Prevent Tissue (B) Relieve migraine (A) Lower blood growth rejection cholesterol 14) The name Nicotiana Tobacum is given to: (D) Tomato (C) Red pepper (B) Potato (A) Tobacco 15) During development, ectoderm layer gives rise to: (D) Liver (C) Digestive tract (B) Integumentary (A) Muscular system system

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(C) Hag fishes

(C) Green

(D) Perch

(D) Indigo

16) Which of the following vertebrate is without Jaw?

17) Chlorophyll absorbs mainly wavelength

(B) Trout

(B) Yellow

(A) Chondrichthyes

(A) Violet-blue

SGD-11-672-P> 1123 Warning:- Please, do not write anything on this question paper except your Roll No. Biology (Subjective) (Session 2019-21 to 2022-24) Paper (I) Time Allowed: 2.40 hours (Inter Part - I) (Group II) Maximum Marks: 68 Section -----I Answer briefly any Eight parts from the followings:- $8 \times 2 = 16$ Describe ionization of water. (ii) How inhibitors inhibit enzymes. Why only active site is used in catalysis? (iv) How pH change / alters rate of catalysis? (vi) What are various types of spores found in fungi? What are porifers? (viii) Describe mantle? What type of fins are found in bony fishes? Write their function? Define placenta? Write two characters of placental mammals. What do you mean by compensation point? (xii) Define anaerobic respiration. Answer briefly any Eight parts from the followings:- $8 \times 2 = 16$ Why is it difficult to define life? (ii) Name any four attributes of population. Why Fluid Mosaic Model of cell membrane is widely accepted? Describe Ribosomes structure of function. (v) Kingdom Protista is defined by exclusion why? Why ciliates differ from other protozoan? (vii) How algae differ from plants? Why is Plasmodial Slime mold considered as a model organism. (ix) What is paraphyses? Write down the names of four genera of Gymnosperms. (xi) What is bleeding in plants? What is Cooley's Anaemia? --(02)---Answer briefly any Six parts from the followings:- $6 \times 2 = 12$ Define species. (ii) How cyst is different from spore? How does stomach wall is being prevent from digestion? Differentiate between peristalsis and Antiperistalsis. Give name of cells of gastric gland with their secretions. What is photorespiration? Give its products. (vii) What is Asthma? Write down its causes. How does exhalation and inhalation occur in cockroach? In what way respiration in birds is the most efficient? Section ----- II Note: Attempt any three questions. $(8 \times 3 = 24)$ Discuss briefly phyletic lineage in biological organization. (a) (b) Explain pressure flow theory proposed by Ernst Munch in 1930. (a) What do you know about the structure of Nucleic Acids? (b) Write a comprehensive note on the sexual reproduction in Fungi. Discuss growth and reproduction in Bacteria. (a) Describe life cycle of an angiospermic plant. (b) (a) Describe the infection cycle of HIV? What are photosynthetic pigments? Discuss their role in the photosynthesis? (b) Discuss Fluid Mosaic Model of Plasma Membrane. (b) Explain Digestion in Cockroach. (a) 1130A -- 1123 -- 11000

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