Time:20 Minutes

Inter - (Part-I)-A-2022

to be filled in by the candidate

(For All Sessions) Group - I

Paper Code

Chemistry(Objective Type)

Rup-91-22

Marks:17

NOTE: Write answers to the questions on objective answer sheet provided. Four possible answers A, B, C & D to each question are given. Which answer you consider correct, fill the corresponding circle A, B, C or D given in front of each question with marker or pen ink on the answer sheet provided.

1 1	A	- p. o . idea.				100			
1.1.		orphous solids:			(m)		-		
		Have shape melting point	c		(B)	Under go clean cleavage			
2.		Have perfect arrangement of			(D)	Have small region of orde	rly arr	angement o	fatom
۷.		value of charge on electron is	(D)	1 600 1019 0 1 1	(a)			4	-10
2		2.602x10 ⁻¹⁹ Coulombs		1.602x10 ¹⁹ Coulombs	(C)	1.6023x10 ⁻¹⁹ Coulombs	(D)	1.602x10	Kg
3.		tum number value for 2S orbi			(A) X				
		n=2, l=1	(B)	n = 1, l = 2	(Ċ)	n=1, l=0	(D)	n=2,	l = o
4.	Whic	h of the following species has	unpair	ed electrons in the antib	onding bor	nding molecular orbitals?			
	(A)	O_2^{-2}	(B)	N_2^{2-}	(C)	B ₂	(D)	F ₂	
5.	Geo	metry of H2Q on the basis of	VSEPR	theory.				- 2	
		Linear		Trigonal planer	(C)	Tetrahedral	(D)	Bent	
6.	The	net heat change in a chemical	l reactio	n is same, whether it is l	orought abo	out in two or different ways	in one	or several s	tens. It
	kno	wn as.				,			P
	(A)	Henry law			(B)	Joul's law			
		Hess's law			(D)	Law of conservation of en	ergy		
7.		which system, does the equilib							
	(A)	$N_2 + 3H_2 \rightleftharpoons 2NH_3$	(B)	$H_2 + I_2 \rightleftharpoons 2HI$	(C)	$2No_2 \rightleftharpoons N_2O_4$	(D)	None of th	iese
8.	Coll	igative properties are the prop	erties o	f:	•				
	(A)	Dil solution which behave as	nearly	ideal solutions	(B)	Concentrated solution wh	ich bel	nave as near	ly non-
			neurry	racar solutions		ideal solution			
_		Both (A) and (B)	A		(D)	None of there			
9.		salt bridge is not used betwe							
	(A)			Decrease slowly	(C)	Does not change	(D)	Drops to Z	ero
10.	If the	e equation at reaction	1+B-	Product					
		rat	te = K	$[A]^2[B]$ A is present	ın ıarge ex	cess, then order of reaction	1S.		
						,			
	(A)	1	(B)	2	(C)	3	(D)	4	
11.		nole of So ₂ contain:							
	(A)	6.02x10 ²³ atoms of oxygen			(B)	1.81x10 ²³ molecule of So-	,		
	(C)	6.02x10 ²³ atoms of Sulphur			(D)	4 gram atoms of So ₂			
12.		niting reactant is one which is:	:		,	gram aroms or 502			
	1. 3	Taken is small amount in grar		nnared to other reactant	· . (B)	Taken in lesser amount in	zohime	as compan	ed to
		5		nparou vo omer rousiani		other reactant.	Olum	o as compar	ou to
	(C)	Give the maximum amount of	fproduc	:t	(D)	Give minimum amount of	oroduc	t	
13.	A filt	ration process could be very to	ime con	suming if it were not aid	ded by suct	tion which is developed:	,	· ·	
	(A)	If the paper covers the funnel	up to th	e circumference		If the paper has got small s	ized no	ores in it	
	(C)	If the stem at the funnel in larg	ge so tha	at it dips into the filtrate	(D)	If the paper fits tightly			
14.		ent extraction is an equilibriun	n proces	ss and is controlled by.					
		Law of Mass action		*	(B)	Amount of solvent used			
		Partition law				Amount of solute			
15.	Pressi	ure remain constant, at which		iture the volume of gas v	will becom	e twice of what it is at 0°C.			
	(A) 5	2000 000		00°C	(C)	546 K	(D)	273 K	
16.		rder of rate of diffusion of gas	es NH ₃	, So ₂ , Cl ₂ and Co ₂ is:					
		$NH_3 > So_2 > Cl_2 > Co_2$			(B)	$NH_3 > Co_2 > So_2 > Cl_2$			
	(C)	$Cl_2 > So_2 > Co_2 > NH_3$				$NH_3 > Co_2 > Cl_2 > So_2$			
17.		er to raise the building point a	ıt H ₂ O u	p to 110°C, the external	pressure s	hould be.			
		Between 760 torr and 1200 tor				Between 200 torr and 760 to	orr		
	(C) 5	76 torr				At any pressure		×	
		(4)							

833-11-A-★★-16290

(For All Sessions)

Chemistry (Essay Type)

Group - I

Marks:68

 $2 \times 8 = 16$

Time: 2:40 Hours

- Write short answers of any eight parts from the following. 2-
- How molecular ions are formed? Give example.
- What is percentage yield? Write its formula.
- Define solvent extraction.
- Convert 30° centigrade into Fahrenheit scale. vii.
- Write down any two applications of plasma. ix.
- What are the optimum conditions of temperature and pressure to get maximum yield of ammonia? $N_2 + 3H_2 \rightleftharpoons 2NH_3 + 92.46Kj$
- Write short answers of any eight parts from the following.
- What do you mean by Habit of a crystal? Give an example. i.
- Boiling points of halogens increase down the group. Give the iii.
- What do you mean by Line Spectrum? V.
- Why is the e/m value for positive rays obtained from hydrogen gas vii. 1836 times less than that of cathode rays?
- What are conjugate solutions? Give an example. ix.
- What is auto-catalysis? Give an example. xi.
- Write short answers of any six parts from the following.
- Bond distance is the compromised distance between two atoms. i.
- What are bonding and antibonding molecular orbitals? Give iii. examples.
- Define a spontaneous reaction.
- Burning of Candle is a spontaneous process. Justify it. vii.
- Write anodic reaction in alkaline battery.

- Define Mole and Avogadro's Number. ii.
- Write down two phases of chromatography. iv.
- Why fluted filter paper in more useful than ordinary vi. filter paper for filtration?
- What is Joule Thomson effect? viii.
- Calculate PH of 10⁻⁴ mole dm⁻³ of Hcl solution. X.
- State Le-chatelier's principle. xii.

 $2 \times 8 = 16$

- Define molar heat of vaporization and Molar heat of ii. sublimation.
- Ide floats on water. Give the reason. iv.
- What is n+l rule? Give an example. vi.
- State Heisen berg's Uncertainty Principle. Also viii. write its mathematical form.
- What are hydrates? How are they formed? X.
- A catalyst is specific in its action. Give one example xii. to prove it.

 $2 \times 6 = 12$

- π bonds are more diffused than sigma bonds. Justify ii.
- Define non polar covalent bond. Give examples. iv.
- Why the temperature of the system changes during vi. exothermic and endothermic reactions.
- A salt bridge maintains the electrical neutrality in viii. the cell. Give reasons.

Section - II

 $8 \times 3 = 24$

NOTE: Answer any three questions from the following.

- What is the difference between actual yield and theoretical yield? Why actual yield is less than the theoretical yield.
- 250 Cm³ of hydrogen is cooled from 127°C to -27° by 6.(a)maintaining the pressure constant. Calculate the new volume of the gas at this low temperature.
- Explain structure of water and boron trifluoride by hybridization.
- How is the vapour pressure of a liquid measured using 8.(a)Manometric method?
- Explain Beckmann method to determine depression of 9.(a) Freezing point.

- What is spectrum? Explain Atomic Emission and 04+04 Atomic absorption spectrum.
- Define electrochemical series. Discuss calculation of the voltage of cell, giving one 04+04
- (b) Explain measurement of enthalpy of a reaction by 04+04 glass calorilmeter.
- The solubility of PbF₂ at 25°C is 0.64gdm⁻³. 04+04 Calculate Ksp of PbF2.
- How order of reaction can be measured by half 04+04 life method.

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Roll No.

to-be filled in by the candidate

Inter - (Part-I)-A-2022

Group - II

(For All Sessions)

Paper Code 6 4 8 4

Chemistry (Objective Type)

Rup-62-22

Time: 20 Minutes

Marks: 17

NOTE: Write answers to the questions on objective answer sheet provided. Four possible answers A, B, C & D to each question are given. Which answer you consider correct, fill the corresponding circle A, B, C or D given in front of each question with marker or pen ink on the

nswe	r sheet provided.		pe
.1.	The volume occupied by 16g of O ₂ at S.T.P is:		
	(A) 22.4dm^3	(B)	2.24 dm ³
	(C) 11.2dm^3	(D)	1.12 dm ³
2.	According to VSEPR theory, the shape of SO ₃ molecule is.	·	
	(A) Trigonal pyramidal (B) Bent or angular	(C)	Triangular planer (D) Tetrahedral
3.	A filtration process could be very time consuming if were not aided by	a gent	le suction which is developed.
٥.	(A) If the paper covers the funnel up to its circumference	(B)	If the paper has got small sized pores in it
	(C) If the stem of the funnel is large so that it dips into the filtrate	(D)	If the paper fits tightly
4.	When 6d orbital is complete, the entering electron goes into.		
	(A) 7s (B) 7p	(C)	7f (D) 7d
5.	Which one of the following hydrocarbons has shortest C-C bond len	gth?	
٥.	(A) Ethyne (B) Ethene	(C)	Ethane (D) Benzene
6.	NH3 shows a maximum boiling point among the hydrides of Vth group	eleme	ents due to:
	(A) Enhanced electronegative character of nitrogen	(B)	Pyramidal structure of NH ₃
	(C) Lone - pairs of electrons present on nitrogen	(D)	Very small size of nitrogen
7.	If the absolute temperature of a gas is doubled and the pressure is redu	ced to	one half, the volume of the gas will.
	(A) Remains unchanged	(B)	Reduced to 1/4
	(C) Increases four times	(D)	Be doubled
0	Splitting of spectral lines when atoms are subjected to strong magnetic		
8.	(A) Zeeman effect	(B)	Stark effect
	(C) Photoelectric effect	(D)	Compton effect
9.	Gases deviate from ideal behaviour at high pressure. Which of the foll	lowing	is correct for non-ideality?
٠.	(A) At high pressure, the gas molecules move in one direction	(B)	At high pressure, the intermolecular attractions
	only		becomes significant
	(C) At high pressure, the collisions between the gas molecules are	(D)	At high pressure, the volume of the gas become
	much increased		insignificant
10.	Dipole - dipole forces are present among the.		
10.		(B)	Molecules of CCl ₄
	(A) Atoms of helium gas	(D)	Molecules of HCl
	(C) Molecules of solid I ₂	(2)	1/10/004/00 01 11 01
11.	Which of the following statements is not correct about galvanic cell?	(B)	Anode is negatively charged
	(A) Reduction occurs at cathode	(D)	Reduction occurs at anode
	(C) Cathode is positively charged	(D)	Reduction occurs at anode
12.	Oxidation of nitric oxide with ozone has been shown to be:	(B)	D. J. C. t J
	(A) First order reaction		Pseudo first order reaction
	(C) Second order reaction	(D)	Third order reaction
13.	A solution of glucose is 10% W/v. The volume in which 1g mole of		solved will be.
	(A) 900Cm ³	(B)	200Cm ³
	(C) 1.8dm ³	(D)	1dm ³
14.	The aqueous solution of BiCl3 is cloudy. The cloudness of BiCl3 solu	tion car	n be vanished by:
	(A) Addition of BiCl ₃	(B)	Addition of H ₂ O
	(C) Addition of HCl	(D)	Addition of both BiCl ₃ and H ₂ O
15.	22g of CO ₂ sample has:		
	(1)	(B)	1 mole of O atoms
	(A) $\frac{1}{2}$ mole of O atoms	(B)	
	(C) 1.5 moles of O atoms	(D)	6.02x10 ²³ molecules of CO ₂
16.	Which one of the following maybe employed as drying agent in a desi	ccator	
- 01	(A) P ₂ O ₅	(B)	Animal charcoal
	(C) KMnO ₄	(D)	NH₄Cl
17			
17.	(A) Products is more than that of reactants	(B)	Reactants is more than that of products
	(C) Both (A) and (B)	(D)	Reactants and products are equal
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Roll No._____ to be filled in by the candidate

(For All Sessions)

Group - II

Ruf-42-23 Section - I

Marks:68

 $2 \times 8 = 16$

Chemistry	(Essay Type)
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Time: 2:40 Hours

- 2- Write short answers of any eight parts from the following.
- i. Write the formulas to determine the percentage of carbon and hydrogen in combustion analysis.
- iii. Define gram molecule by giving two examples.
- v. Differentiate between adsorption and partition chromatography.
- vii. Define Avogadro's Law and give two examples.
- ix. Why the sum of mole fractions is always equal to unity?
- xi. Write the formula to calculate the percentage ionization of weak
- 3- Write short answers of any eight parts from the following.
- i. In a very cold winter fish in the garden ponds owe their lives due to H-bonding. Justify.
- iii. Cleavage of the crystals is itself anisotropic behaviour. Justify.
- v. Differentiate between frequency and wave number.
- vii. What is Zeeman effect?
- ix. Differentiate between Molarity and Molality.
- xi. The radio active decay is always first order reaction. Give reason.
- 4- Write short answers of any six parts from the following.
- i. Name the factors influencing the electron affinity.
- iii. Explain bond order for Helium and why it does not exist as He₂ molecule?
- v. Define internal energy and point out; is it a state function or not?
- vii. Define state function, write names of two such functions.
- ix. Impure Cu can be purified by electrolytic process, justify?

- ii. How the molecular and empirical formulas are related to each other?
- iv. Define sublimation and give examples.
- vi. Define qualitative and quantitative analysis.
- viii. One dm³ of H₂ and O₂ have different masses but occupy same volumes. Give reason
- x. Define law of mass action and give the equilibrium constant expression.
- xii. Define Lowry Bronsted acid base concept.

 $2 \times 8 = 16$

- ii. Water and ethanol can mix easily and in all proportions. Justify.
- iv. London dispersion forces are weaker than dipole dipole forces. Why?
- vi. Write two importance of Mosely's law.
- viii. Write down any two postulates of plank's quantum theory.
- x. What is fractional crystalization?
- xii. Differentiate between homogeneous and Heterogeneous catalysis.

 $2 \times 6 = 12$

- ii. Define orbital hybridization and name its types.
- iv. Ionization energy decreases down the group. Why?
- What do you mean by heat of solution; give a suitable example.
- viii. What do you mean by Standard Hydrogen Electrode (SHE).

Section - II

 $8 \times 3 = 24$

04+04

NOTE: Answer any three questions from the following.

- 5.(a) What is limiting reactant, give examples and how it is identified.
- 6.(a) Describe the charging and discharging of Lead Accumulator.
- 7.(a) Discuss Geometry of ethene $\begin{pmatrix} C & H \\ 2 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$ according to Sp^2 hybridization.
- 8.(a) What is hydrogen bonding. Give its three applications.
- 9.(a) Explain graphically depression of freezing point of a solvent by solute. Also write down its mathematical form.

- (b) Explain measurement of e/m value of electron. 04+04
- (b) Calculate the mass of 1 dm³ of NH₃ gas at 30°C and 1000mm Hg pressure, considering that NH₃ is 04+04 behaving ideally.
- (b) How can you measure enthalpy of reaction by glass calorimeter. 04+04
- (b) The solubility of CaF₂ in water at 25°C is found to be 2.05 x 10⁻⁴ mol dm⁻³. What is value of Ksp at this temperature?
- (b) Clearly differentiate between Homogeneous and Heterogeneous catalysis. Give two examples of each.