	10.00			507				
1219	Warning:- Please wri	te your Roll No. in the sp	pace provided and sign.	Roll No				
	(Inter Part – II)	(Session 2015-17 to		of Student				
	istry (Objective)	(Group - I)	Paper II					
	Allowed:- 20 minutes	PAPER CO	DE 4485 Ma	ximum Marks:- 17				
Note:- You have four choices for each objective type question as A, B, C and D. The choice which you								
think is correct; fill that circle in front of that question number. Use marker or pen to fill the circles. Cutting or filling two or more circles will result in zero mark in that question. Write PAPER CODE.								
which	is printed on this a	re circles will result in z	zero mark in that questi	on. Write PAPER CODE,				
accord	ingly otherwise the st	juestion paper, on the	both sides of the Ansy	wer Sheet and fill bubbles of Ink Remover or white				
correct	ing fluid is not allowed	i.		. I				
	Which is not a calcari			• 1				
	(A) Clay	(B) Lime	(C) Marble	(D) Marine Shell				
2.	The main pollutant of	leather tanneries in the w	aste water is due to the s	alt of?				
	(A) Lead	(B) Chromium (VI)	(C) Copper	(D) Chromium (III)				
3.		oxide in the following?						
	(A) MnO	(B) Mn_2O_3	(C) MnO_2	(D) Mn_2O_7				
	General name of mine							
	(A) Gypsom	(B) Dolomite	(C) Calcite	(D) Epsom salt				
	Chemical formula of I			*				
	(A) Pb ₂ O	(B) SiO_2	(C) PbO	(D) Pb_3O_4				
		energy is possessed by?	and the second second					
	(A) P Which is the stronger	(B) N	(C) Sb	(D) As				
7.	(A) I,	oxidizing agent in the fol		7 7) -				
	5 757 8 1	(B) Cl ₂	(C) F ₂	(D) Br_2				
0.	(A) Ni	ments is a typical transiti (B) Zn		(D) II				
		ain isomers of an alkane	(C) Cd	(D) Hg				
	(A) 2	(B) 3		(T) •				
	Structural formula of v		(C) 4	(D) 5				
	(A) $HC \equiv C - Cl$	(B) $H_2C = CHCl$	(C) $H_3C - CHCl_2$	(D) $U \subseteq C U$				
	**************************************	()	(o) 1130 Chet2	(D) $H_2 C - C H_2$				
				ČI ČI				
11.	Which one of the follow	wing species is an electro	n withdrawing?					
	A) -CH ₃	(B) - CHO	(C) - OH	(D) $-NH_2$				
12.	When ethyl magnesium	bromide is reacted with	HCHO, followed by acid	d hydrolysis, the product				
,	formed is?	(D) 1						
	A) Ethanol Which compound will be	(B) 1-propanol	(C) 2-propanol	(D) Ethanoic acid				
15.	A) H_sC_2OH	have maximum repulsion		(D) 11.5 a see				
	Contract to the contract of th	(B) H ₃ COH	(C) C_6H_6	(D) $H_3C - O - CH_3$				
14.	Which one of the follow	ving compounds will read						
	A) HCOOH	(B) <i>H</i> ₃ <i>C</i> · <i>CHO</i>	(C) H_3CCOOH	(D) $H_3C - COCH_3$				
	Chemical formula of gl A) H ₃ CCOOH		(C) 11 11 CH COCK	max				
		(B) <i>H</i> ₃ <i>C</i> · <i>CHO</i>	(C) $H_2N \cdot CH_2COOH$	(D) $H_3C \cdot CO \cdot CH_3$				
10. 1	A) Thiamine	se is not present in RNA?		(DS) I Form				
		(B) Cytosine is a synthetic polymer?	(C) Adenine	(D) Uracil				
	A) Animal fat	(B) Starch	(C) Cellulose	(D) Polyacter				
V-		10-4	3 (5	(D) Polyester				
	2	1 279 1219	- 13000 (3)					
21 2 2 2								
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121	9 (I:	<u>War</u> nter Part-II		ot write anything	on this	(Session 2015-17 to 2017-19)		
(he	mistry (Subjective) 2.40 hours	Group - I		Paper II Maximum Marks: 68		
				SECTION				
2.		Answer b	riefly any EIGHT	parts from t	he follov			
(i)		Vrite two properties of covalent hydrides (ii) Define Lanthanides and Actinides.						
iii)						$O_3 + heat \Rightarrow (b) NaNO_3 + heat \Rightarrow (c) NaNO_3 $		
(iv)			Lify that CO_2 is acidic in nature. (v) How Borax is used as water softening agent.					
vi)		1.50	$v H_3 BO_3$ reacts with (a) $C_2 H_5 OH$ (b) $NaOH$ (vii) What is aqua regia. How is it dissolves the go					
,			How temperature affects the gaseous Nitrogen di-oxide (NO_2)					
(x)	W	hy NH ₄ NC	o, is not used as fertiliz	er for paddy rice.	(xi)	What do you mean by setting of cement.		
xii)	V	Vhat is Bio	chemical oxygen d	lemond (BOD))			
3.			iefly any EIGHT p		ollowing			
(i)			the useful by-produ	cts obtained	(ii)	What is Clemmensen reduction? Give an		
			ss of cracking.		20040	example.		
(iii)	3	Why alkane	es are less reactive th	an alkenes?	(iv)	Write down the structural formulas of (a)Naphthalene (b)Phenanthrene		
(v)		Write down	five resonance struc	ctures of	(vi)	Give IUPAC names of the following compounds.		
	!	benzene.				(a) $(CH_3)_3 C - CH_2 - Cl$ (b) $(CH_3)_2 CHBr$		
(vii)			nard's reagents. How are t		(viii)	How Phenol is prepared by Dow's process?		
(ix)		How Pheno	l reacts with formale	lehyde?	(x)	Write down the formulas of		
(xi)	6	How can vo	ou convert acetic acid	d into	(xii)	(a) Palmitic acid (b) Iso-Butyric acid Write down the mechanism for the reaction		
(AI)			(b) Acetyl chloride		(***)	between CH ₃ COOH and NH ₃		
4.			iefly any SIX part		wings:-	6×2=12		
i)	1	Complete a	nd balance following	g equations. (a)	HClO ₄ +	$P_2O_5 \xrightarrow{-10 \text{ °C}}$ (b) $HgO + Br_2 \xrightarrow{\text{SO °C}}$		
(ii) Write order of acid strength of oxyacids of (iii) What ha			What happens when bleaching powder reacts with					
0.3		chlorine. Che sustam	atia names to following	complexes	(-1	(a) conc.H ₂ SO ₄ (b) NH ₃ Write industrial method for the preparation of		
(iv)			atic names to following $[I_6]$ (b) $[Co(NH_3)_4]$		(v)	formaldehyde.		
(vi)			nizzaro's reaction? Giv		(vii)	Define thermoplastic and thermosetting polymers.		
(viii		72.55	olyester resins? Give on equation.	an example	(ix)	What is meant by denaturing of proteins.		
		with reaction	on equation.	SECTIO	N	II		
Not	e:	Attempt a	my three question			$(8 \times 3 = 24)$		
5.	7163					ent blocks help in understanding their chemistry		
	(b)	How is	sodium metal extr	acted by Dow	m's cell	P Describe the products formed by this cell on		
		differen	t electrodes by bal	anced chemica	l equatio	on.		
6.	(a)	Explain	Explain the electrochemical theory for corrosion.					
	(b)	What is	What is smog? Explain the pollutants which are the main causes of photochemical smog.					
7.	(a)		Define Isomerism and explain any two types of structural isomerism with examples.					
(b) Discuss the stability of benzene in detail with reference to 1,3,5 - cyclohexat					erence to 1,3,5 - cyclohexatriene.			
8.	(a)	i	the polymerization					
	(b)					nentation of starch and molasses.		
9.	(a)	How do	es acetaldehyde re	act with (i) C	C_2H_5MgB	r (ii) $NaHSO_3$ (iii) NH_2OH (iv) N_2H_4		

(b) Write a detailed note on $S_N 2$ reactions of alkyl halides.

SGD-12-G1-19

1219 Warning:- Please write	your Roll No. in the spa						
	ssion 2015-17 to 2017-		f Student				
Chemistry (Objective)	Group -		er (II)				
Time Allowed: 20 minutes Note: You have four choices for each that circle in front of that question is result in zero mark in that question. Answer Sheet and fill bubbles according the followed. 1) Which of these polymers is	umber. Use marker or pen to Write PAPER CODE, which lingly, otherwise the student	A, B, C and D. The choice of all the circles. Cutting or is printed on this question	filling two or more circles will naper, on the both sides of the				
(A) Nylon-6,6 2) The reaction between fat an	(B) Polystyrene	(C) Terylene	(D) Epoxy resin				
(A) Esterification 3) Which three elements are no		(C) Fermentation wth of plants?	(D) Saponification				
(A) N. S. P 4) Newspaper can be recycled (A) 5	(B) N, Ca, P again and again by how (B) 4		(D) N, K, C				
5) Mark the correct statement.	(B) 4	(C) 3	(D) 2				
 (A) Na⁺ is smaller than Na atom 6) Which ion will have the ma 	Na atom	than Cl atom	er (D) Cl (ion) and Cl atom are equal in size				
(A) Na ⁺ 7) Tincal is a mineral of	(B) Cs ²⁺	(C) Ba^{2+}	(D) Mg ²⁺				
(A) Al 8) Laughing gas is chemically	(B) B	(C) Si	(D) C				
(A) NO9) Which is the strongest acid?	(B) N ₂ O	(C) NO ₂	(D) $N_2^{-}O_4$				
(A) HClO	(B) <i>HCℓO</i> ₂	(C) HCLO	(D) <i>HCℓO</i> ₄				
10) The total number of transition (A) 10 11) Ethers show the phenomeno (A) Position isomerism	(B) 14 n of	(C) 40	(D) 58 (D) Functional group				
12) Formula of Chloroform is		## FF	isomerism				
(A) <i>CH</i> ₃ <i>Cl</i>	(B) CCI ₄	(C) CH_2Cl_2	(D) CHCl ₃				
13) Which compound is the mos(A) Benzene14) Grignard's reagent is reactive	(B) Ethene	(C) Ethane	(D) Ethyne				
(A) The presence of halogen atom 15) According to Lewis concept	(B) The presence of Mg atom ethers behave as	(C) The polarity of C-Mg bond	(D) The polarity of Mg-X bond				
(A) Acid	(B) Base	(C) Acid as well as base	(D) Neutral				
16) Cannizzaro's reaction is not	given by	(.,	(3)				
	(B) Acetaldehyde	(C) Benzaldehyde	(D) Trimethyl- acetaldehyde				
17) The solution of which acid is used for the seasoning of food?							
(A) Formic acid	9 8	(C) Benzoic acid	(D) Butanoic acid				
	1281 1219	8500 (4)					
	-1 011 ·	2 10					

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Warning:- Please, do not write anything on this question paper except your Roll No. (Session 2015-17 to 2017-19) 1219 (Inter Part - II) Paper (II) (Group II) Chemistry (Subjective) Maximum Marks: 68 Time Allowed: 2.40 hours Section ----- I $8 \times 2 = 16$ Answer briefly any Eight parts from the followings:-Why alkali metals give ionic hydrides? (i) Write down similarities of hydrogen with group IVA elements. (ii) Give justification for the use of potassium superoxide in breathing equipments of space crafts. (iii) Write down the chemical formulae of minerals (a) Kaolin (b) Cryolite (iv) Write down the effect of heat on Boric acid. (v) How kaolin differs from ordinary clay? (vii) Write two methods of preparation of NO2 (vi) How nitrous acid reacts with $CO(NH_2)_2$ and $C_6H_5NH_2$? (viii) How Orthophosphoric Acid is prepared on large scale? (ix) Mention industrial importance of proteins. (x) Write down the names of two enzymes used in the diagnosis of diseases. (xi) How carbon monoxide acts as highly poisonous gas? (xii) $8 \times 2 = 16$ Answer briefly any Eight parts from the followings:-What is vital force theory, why it was rejected. (i) Write structural formulas for the following compounds (a) But-1-ene -3-yne (b) divinyl acetylene (ii) What is Raney Nickel. How it is prepared. (iii) Write down the formulas of the followings (a) Anthracene (b) Phenanthrene (iv) How will you prepare 2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene from benzene in two steps. (v) What are primary and tertiary alkyl halides. Give one example each. (vi) Write reaction of ethyl magnesium chloride with methanal. (vii) Write structural formulas of the following compounds (a) Carbolic acid (b) Glycerol (viii) How ether is prepared by Williamson synthesis. (ix) . Write structural formulas of the following compounds. (a) Oxalic acid (b) Malonic acid (\mathbf{x}) Write any four uses of Acetic acid. (xii) What are amino acids, give their general formula. (xi) $6 \times 2 = 12$ Answer briefly any Six parts from the followings:-Write any two applications of a noble gas Argon. (ii) Justify that HF is a weaker acid than HCL (i) What is Teflon. Give its any two uses. (iv) Why transition elements exhibits variable valency. (iii) Complete the following reactions (a) Formaldehyde + NaHSO₃ ---- (b) Acetone + NaHSO₃ -----(v) Write Industrial method for the preparation of formaldehyde. (vi) Write any two points of difference between DNA and RNA. (vii) (viii) What is Glycogen? (ix) Write down difference between polypeptide and protein. Section ----- II $(8 \times 3 = 24)$ Note: Attempt any three questions. What are the improvements made in the Mendeleev's periodic table? 5. (a) What is the function of calcium in plant growth? (b) State the different rules for naming the co-ordination complexes according to IUPAC system? 6. (a) What is acid rain? How does it affect our environment? (b) Discuss cis-trans isomerism, giving two examples. (a) Describe the stability of benzene on the basis of heat of hydrogenation. (b) Write down the reaction with mechanism for the preparation of alkene by Kolbe's Electrolytic method. How methanol is prepared on industrial scale? Why is it called wood spirit? Describe $S_N 2$ mechanism in detail. (b) What is ald ol condensation? Discuss its mechanism.

2.

3.

4.

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